

## How to edit, convert, join, split and re-time movie subtitle files on Linux (Fix Subtitles bad timing) / Install subtitle manipulation console tools for Linux

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As a Linux user I sometimes face difficulties with watching subtitled, movies. I mostly use Mplayer, Totem or VLC to watch the common video files.

The most common problems I face with subtitles are caused by **bad timing**, many times the solution to the bad timing issues is very simple and comes up to changing the default movie player I use **MPlayer** to **VLC** or Totem.

However at many occasions trying to watch the movie with different kind of movie player does not help. In this dark moments I get seriously irritated I am not a regular Windows user, where such kind of problems are almost none as many of the Windows movie player problems does fix bad timing issues automatically.

Luckily there is a work-around to this subtitles timing issues and other mishaps caused by guys who created a Movie subtitle files with a Windows subtitle editor program, subtitles timing, the Linux work-around takes a few more minutes to install a package called [Subtitles](#).

**The Subtitles text utility** is written in Perl and contains two executables **subplay** and **subs**.

**Subtitles** is the Linux subtitle Swiss Army Knife as it is capable of **convert, join, split, and re-time of subtitles files**

Installing Subtitles tools on Linux is a trivial job and it comes to download and installation of the 2 perl executables.

Here is how:

**1. Download Subtitles.tar.gz tools** I have [mirrored Linux Subtitles \(Subtitles.tar.gz\) here](#) originally the binaries are to be found on URL address: <http://karasik.eu.org/software/>, issue the commands:

```
linux:~# cd /usr/local/src
```

```
linux:/usr/local/src# wget http://www.pc-freak.net/files/Subtitles.tar.gz
```

```
...
```

**2. Unarchive it**

```
linux:/usr/local/src# tar -zxvzf tar -zxvzf Subtitles.tar.gz...
```

```
linux:/usr/local/src# cd Subtitles-1.0
```

**3. Compile and install Subtitles system wide** Pitily the Subtitles tools are not currently available as a packages in the repositories of Debian and Ubuntu Linux and thus easy installation without compilation

via *apt-get* is unfortunately not available.

Here is the commands with which to compile and install Subtitles:

```
linux:/usr/local/src/Subtitles-1.0# perl Makefile.PL
```

```
...
```

```
linux:/usr/local/src/Subtitles-1.0# make
```

```
...
```

```
linux:/usr/local/src/Subtitles-1.0# make test
```

```
...
```

All tests successful.Files=1, Tests=17, 1 wallclock secs ( 0.05 usr 0.00 sys + 0.06 cusr 0.01 csys = 0.12 CPU)Result: PASS

```
linux:/usr/local/src/Subtitles-1.0# make install
```

Installing /usr/local/share/perl/5.10.1/Subtitles.pm

Installing /usr/local/man/man1/subplay.1p

Installing /usr/local/man/man1/subs.1p

Installing /usr/local/man/man3/Subtitles.3pm

Installing /usr/local/bin/subplay

Installing /usr/local/bin/subs

Appending installation info to /usr/local/lib/perl/5.10.1/perllocal.pod

Now as we have the **subs** executable installed, Let's say **your movie subtitles displays 5 seconds earlier before the movie scenes (bad timing)**, all you need to do to adjust your subtitles to show up in correct movie scenes is issue:

```
hipo@linux:/home/hipo/Movies$ subs -i -b 5 your_movie_subtitle_file_name.sub
```

now check out the subtitle files once again with your favourite player and the early subtitles display on your movie should be fixed.

Let's have another scenario, say that your movie file is encoded to display 24 frames per seconds (fps) but the subtitle file is created to display the subtitles for a 25 fps, to solve this situation issue:

```
hipo@linux:~# subs -i -a 24/25 your_movie_subtitle_file.sub
```

Another possible scenario where **subs command** will be a precious asset is if you for example want to merge two subtitle files into one.Let's say you have subtitles for a movie which are split over in 2 parts and the corresponding subtitles are in 2 different files, but eventually you find a better quality of the movie (DVD quality) in a single file and therefore you need the movie subtitles to be stored in one single file.

In that case to merge the subtitle files from let's say the files **movie\_subtitle\_file1.sub** and

**movie\_subtitle\_file2.sub** use the command:

```
subs -z movie_subtitle_file1.sub movie_subtitle_file2.sub
```

Some few other helpful things you can do with *subs* on Linux, are for example: *splitting a file after a determined period of time, separating overlapped lines, and joining files into a single subtitle.*

If you want to remove all the comments of gestures, facial expressions loud laughing etc. which displays usually the annoying ('[Sneezing]' or '[Music playing]') during the movie screen play, issue:

```
subs -e 's/[s-]*\[.*\]s*\n*//gs' movie_subtitle_file.sub
```

Also other interesting Linux tool which is useful if you want to make conversions between subtitle in a (.sub) format to (.srt) format is called **sub2srt perl script**:

sub2srt's home page is located on the URL address: <http://www.robelix.com/sub2srt/>, just to ensure it won't just disappear with time I have [created sub2srt mirror here](#)

The most basic usage of sub2srt linux converting tool is by simply passing input sub and output srt file names like so:

```
linux:~# ./sub2srt 5rFF-pop.sub 5rFF-pop.srt
```

**sub2srt** supports changing of fps rate per second during conversion with the **-f** option as well as creationg of converted files in dos like end of file (CR+LF) with the **--dos** option.

Hope this article makes sense. If you find it useful, please drop me a thanks comment ;)